



# **Composite Structures for Launchers : Challenges in Design, Dimensioning and Qualification for Gain of Costs and Adaptation to Market**

**6th IC3 – Arcachon – 05/06/2018**

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# Sommaire

- The current context
- Challenges for the next launcher generation
- Challenges for the composite structures
- Exemples of activities on composites materials
  - Advanced methods – R&T CNES & AGS
  - Equipped cover plate – AVP CNES & CETIM

## Centre National d'Etudes Spatiales – Launchers Directorate

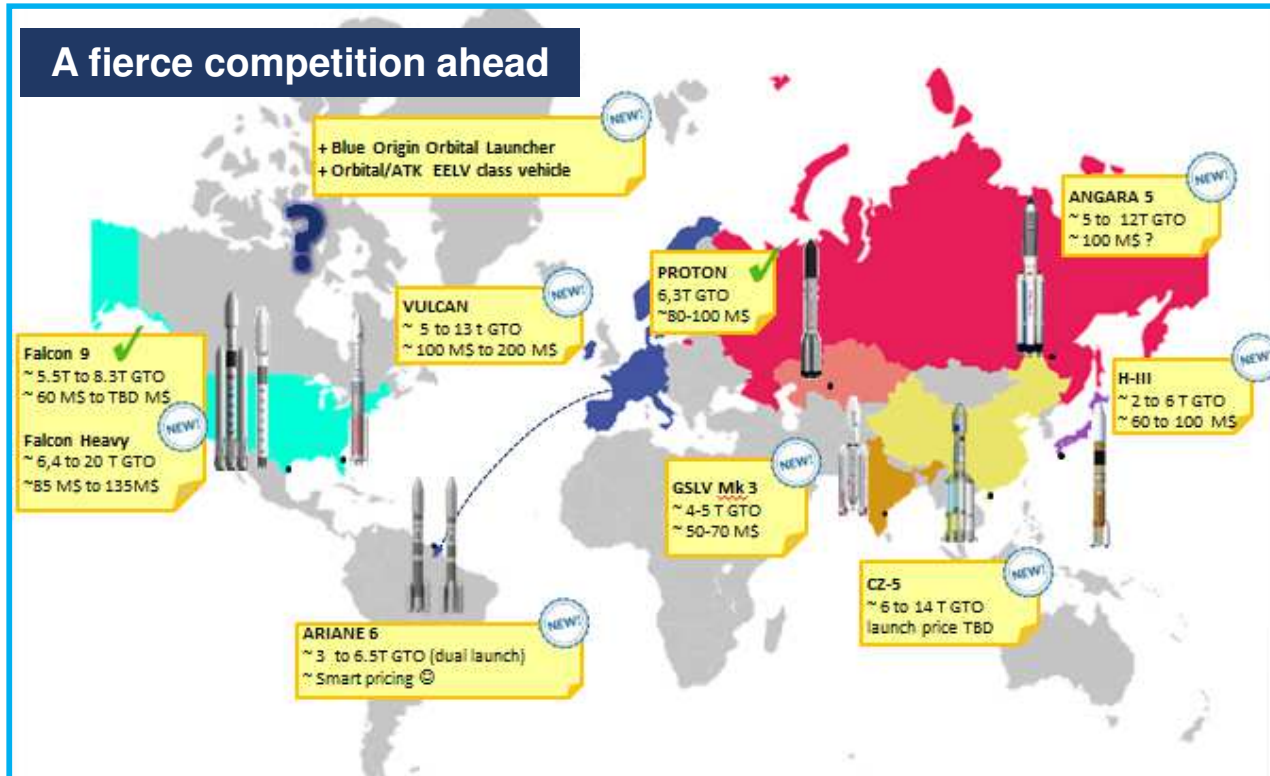


Among its prerogatives, the French space agency works to :

- **Orient the french space policy on launchers**
- **Promote french industry and academy**

We collaborate with laboratories or industrials to develop the launchers technologies of tomorrow.

# The current context

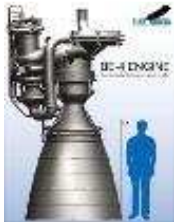


To remain competitive with new comers

# Private competitors jostle the whole sector

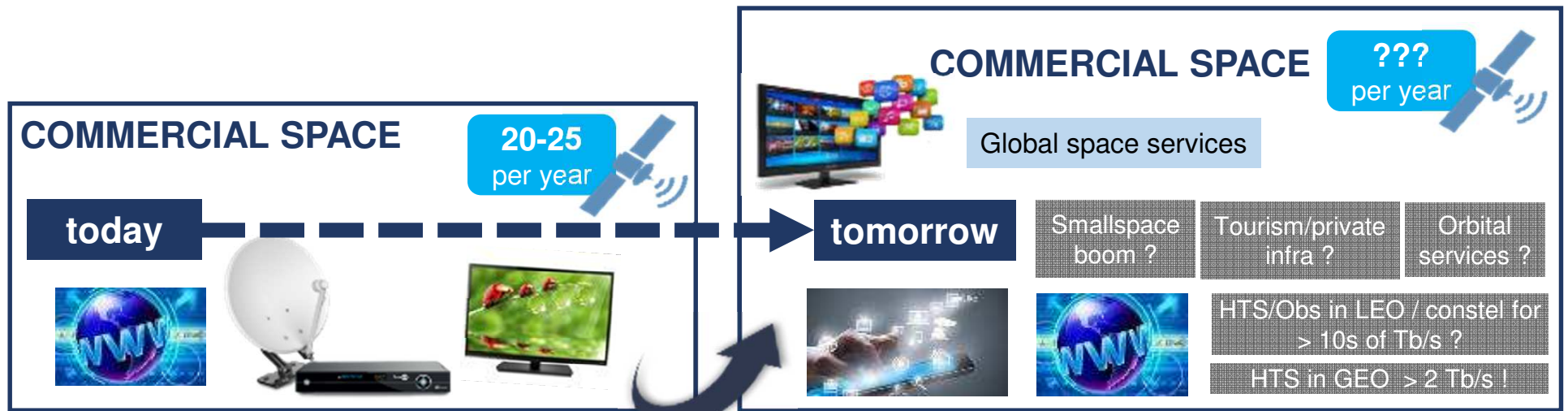
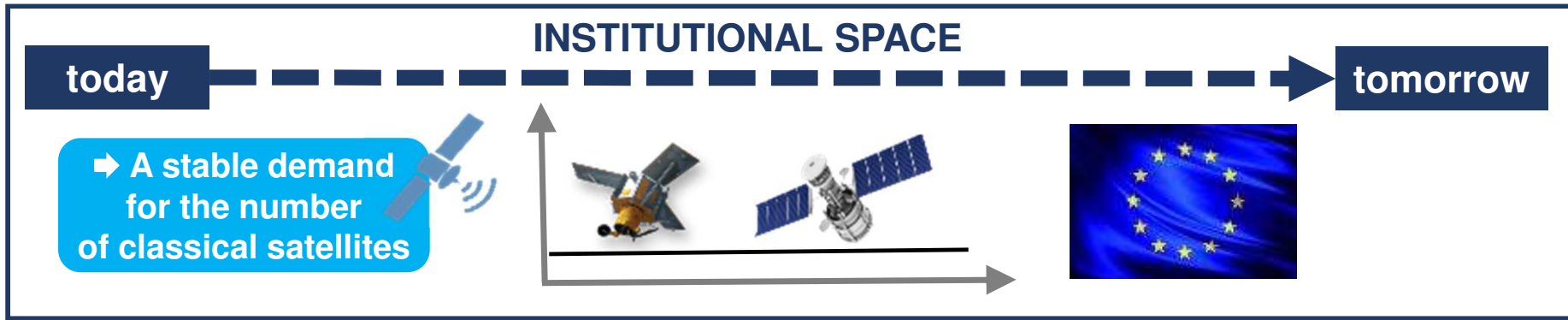
## A NEW PARADIGM FOR THE LAUNCH SERVICES SECTOR:

- Reduced Supply chain
- Process Innovation
- Optimization of production facilities
- Simplicity in the design, cost oriented technologies choices
- spiral method and rapid prototyping



- ➔ A culture of cost awareness at all company levels
- ➔ Focus on technical and economic optimization of the entire system

# Prospective look into next decade: commercial space evolution/revolution?





## New ways of working for CNES



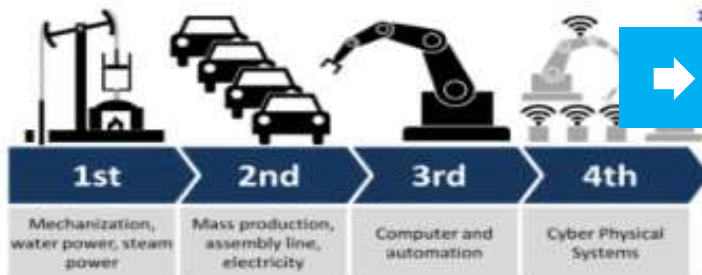
### ➔ Being reactive, working agile !

- New management & collaborative process
- Modular conception
- Launch flexibility



### ➔ Frugal innovation and development

- Spin-in from other industry
- Quick prototyping (Additive Manufacturing)
- Development reduced from 10 to 5 years

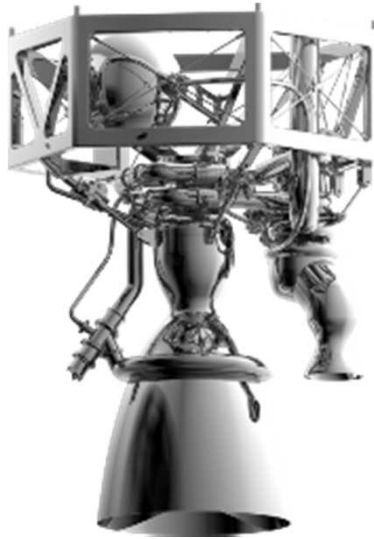


### ➔ Digital revolution for rocketry !

- Industry 4.0
- Hardware empowered by software

## LOX/Methane potential benefits with Prometheus engine

### PROMETHEUS

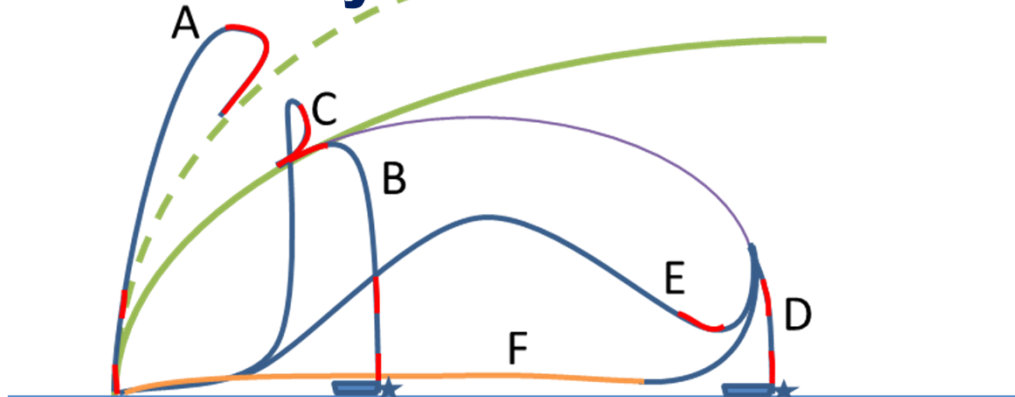


#### LOX/CH4

- ⊕ Less demanding than LH2
- ⊕ Low coking & soot (950 K)
- ⊕ Denser than H2  
(2.5 times, 80% of Kero bulk density)
- Cryo, but semi cryo (90 K)
- Medium ISP ~ 350s



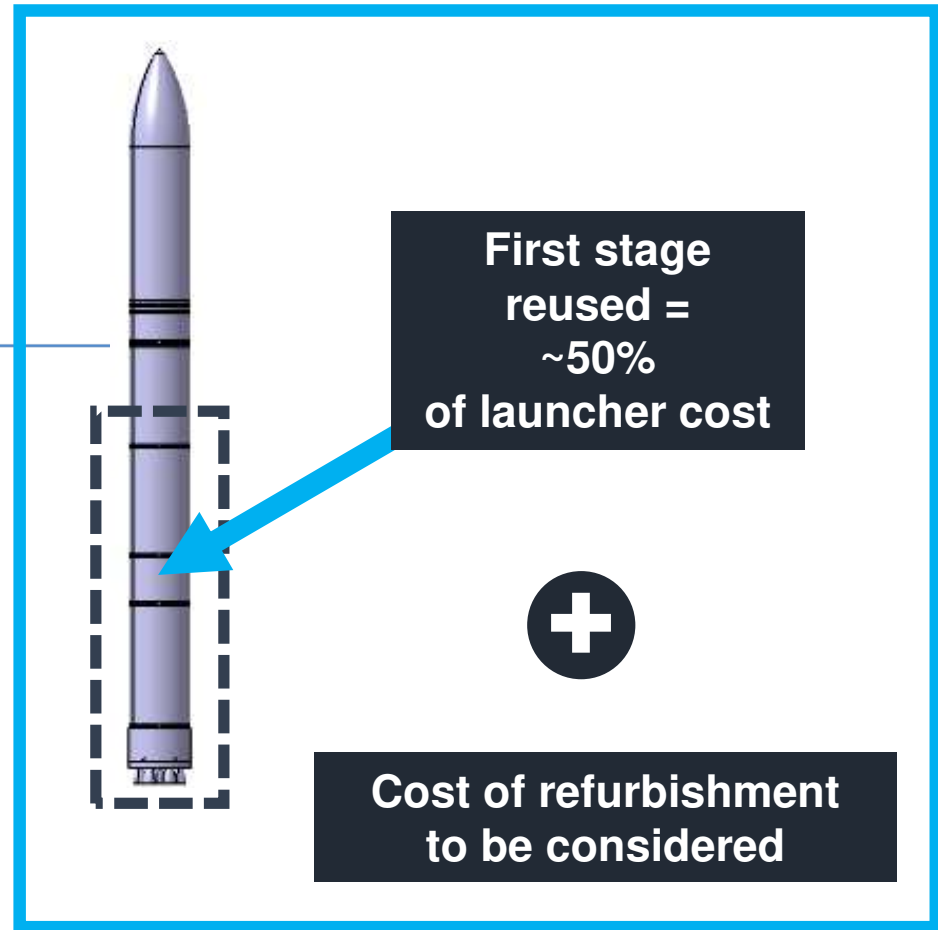
# Reusability: technical & economical issues



→ A TECHNICAL CHALLENGE



→ AN ECONOMICAL CHALLENGE

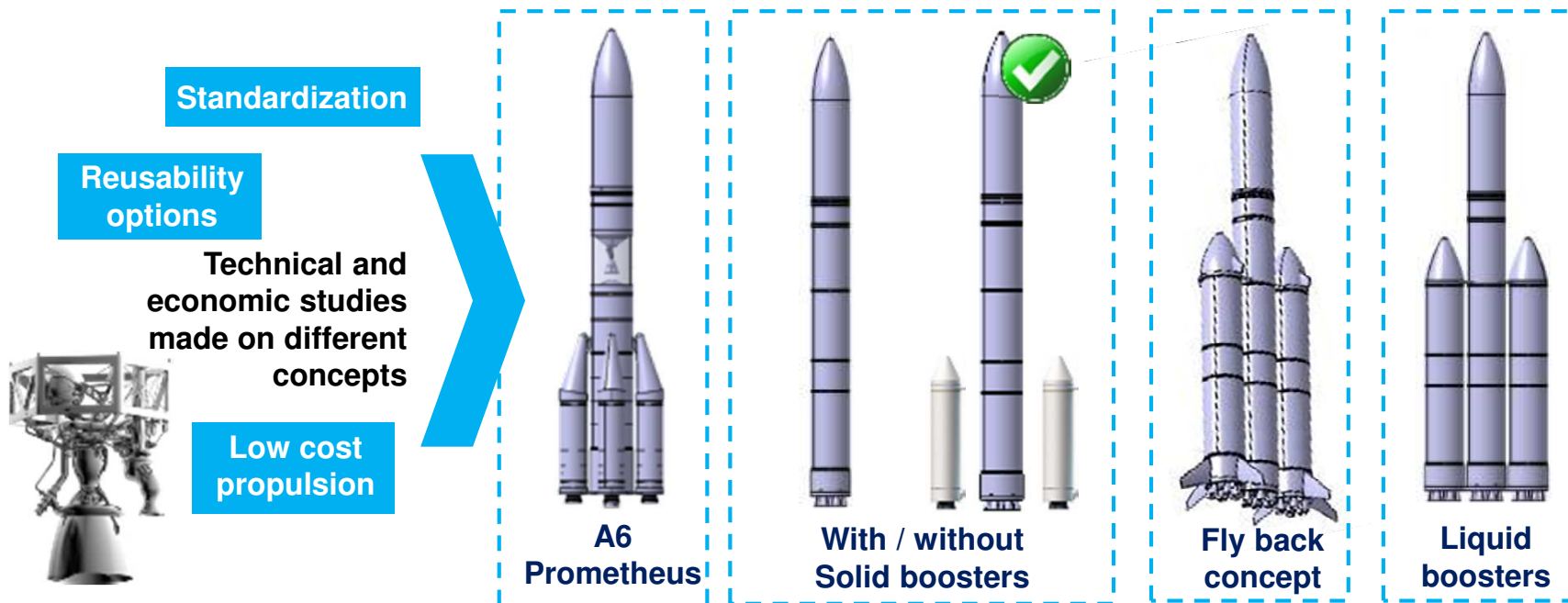


# Options for the future of Ariane

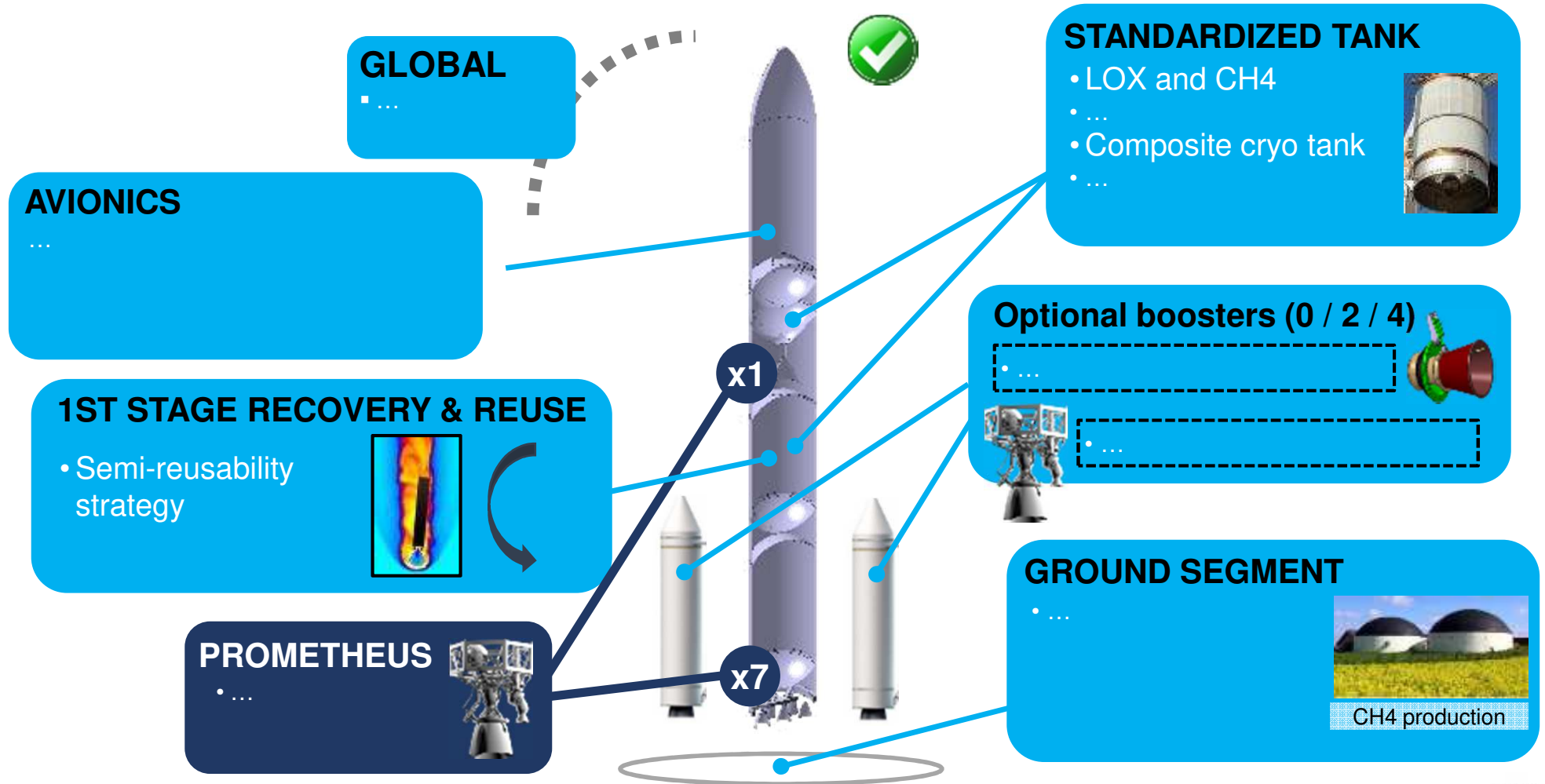
Main objectives for European Launchers:

➔ To remain competitive with new comers

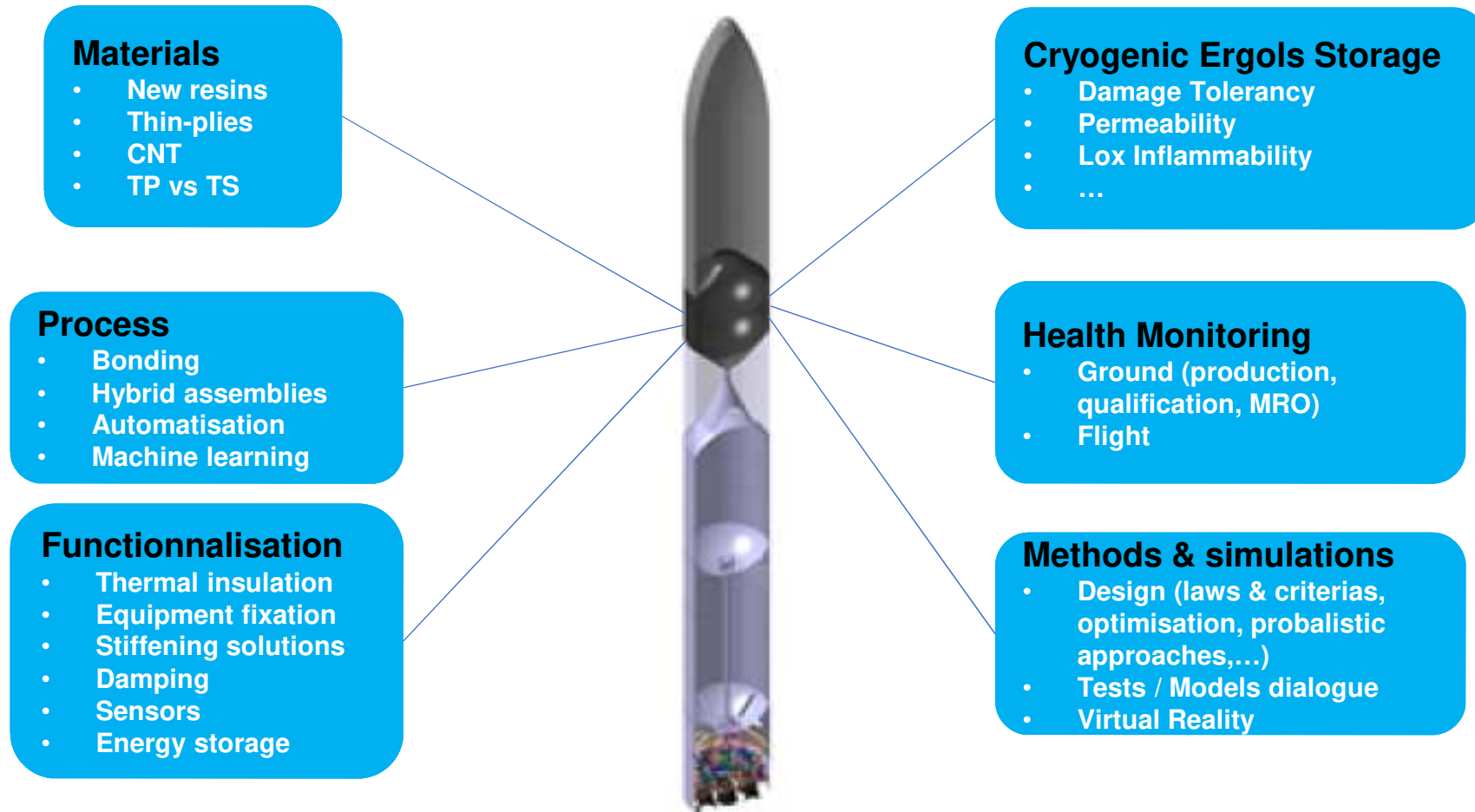
➔ To anticipate market evolutions



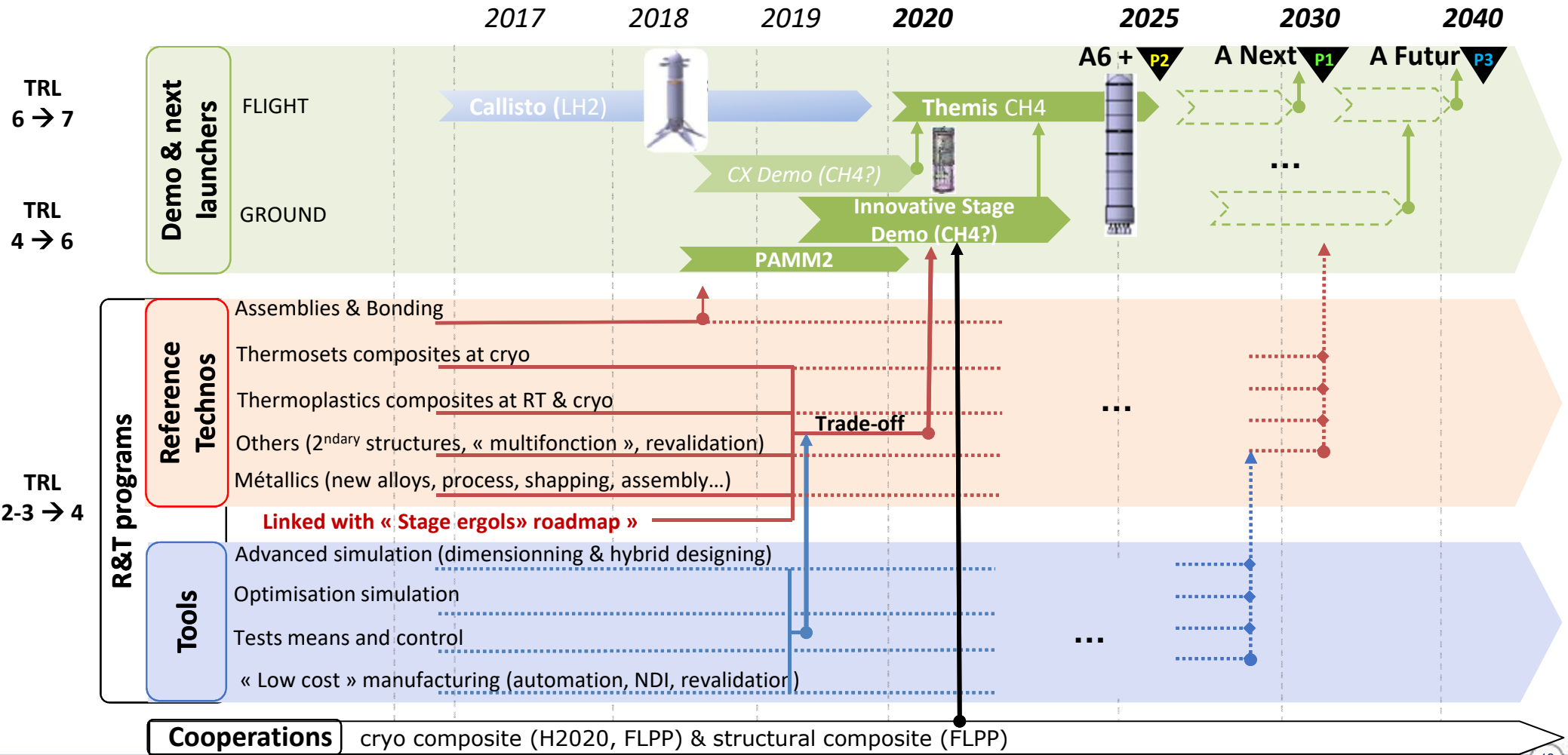
# Ariane Next actual concept of interest



# Technologies for futures Ariane – Composites materials



# CNES-DLA roadmap for futures stages



## Advanced methods – R&T CNES & ArianeGroup

### 2 different Thematics

Advanced methods  
for  
**Composite Structures**



Advanced methods  
for  
**bonded junctions**



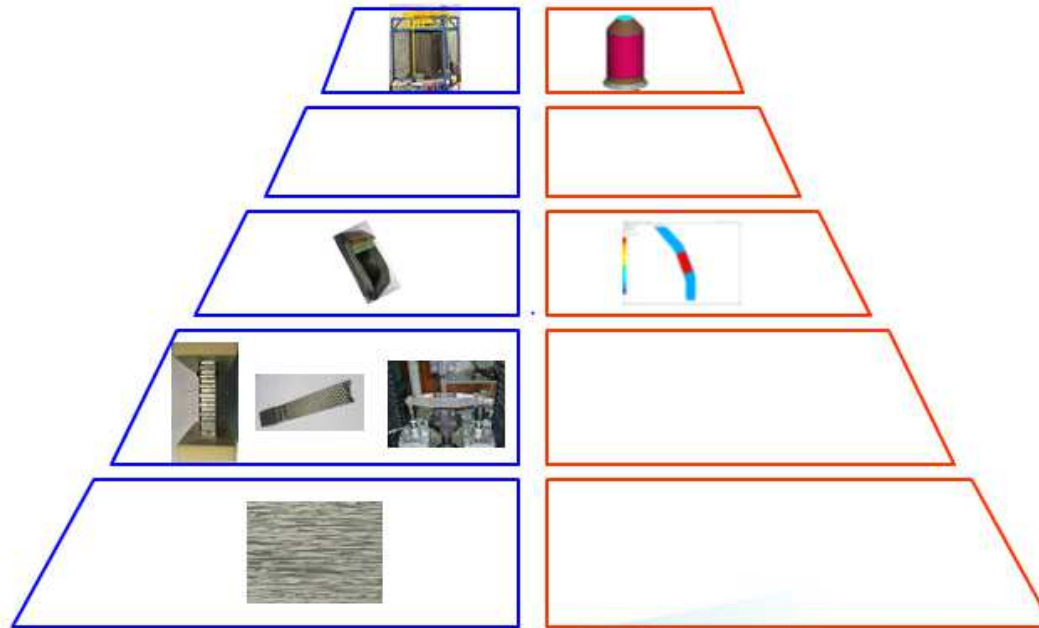


# Advanced methods – R&T CNES & Arianegroup

## Context

We use a classical qualification methodology

Advanced methods  
for  
Composite Structures

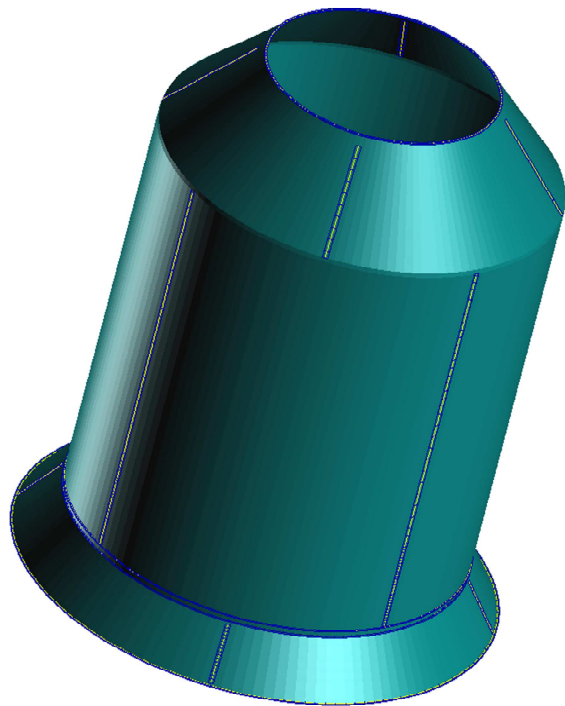


Building block approach → Example of SYLDA justification Pyramid

## Advanced methods – R&T CNES & Ariane group

Advanced methods  
for  
Composite Structures

### Context



#### Analysis :

Robust but **working on conservatism & accuracy** could offer opportunities

#### Experimentations :

Cost & time consuming / **Deeper data exploitation** could offer opportunities

## Advanced methods – R&T CNES & Arianegroup

Advanced methods  
for  
bonded junctions

### Context :

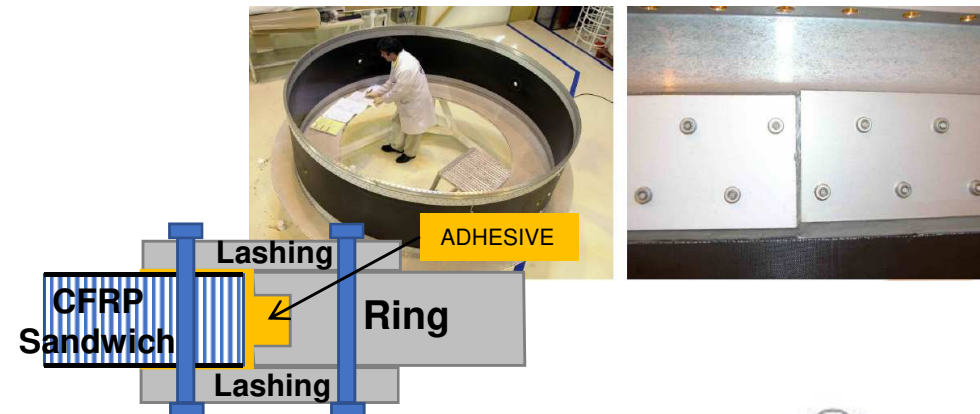
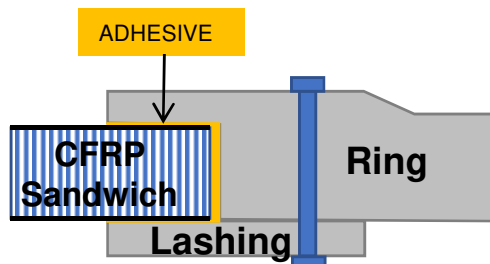
Adhesive have been used for long time on launchers

Ariane 4 (1988-2003) – SPELDA

Ariane 5 – ACY 2624

Ariane SYLDA 5

....



## Advanced methods – R&T CNES & Arianegroup

Advanced methods  
for  
bonded junctions

### Context & Objectives

- Performant but **complex to implement**
- **Implies mastering of whole chain** : design, justification, process, control

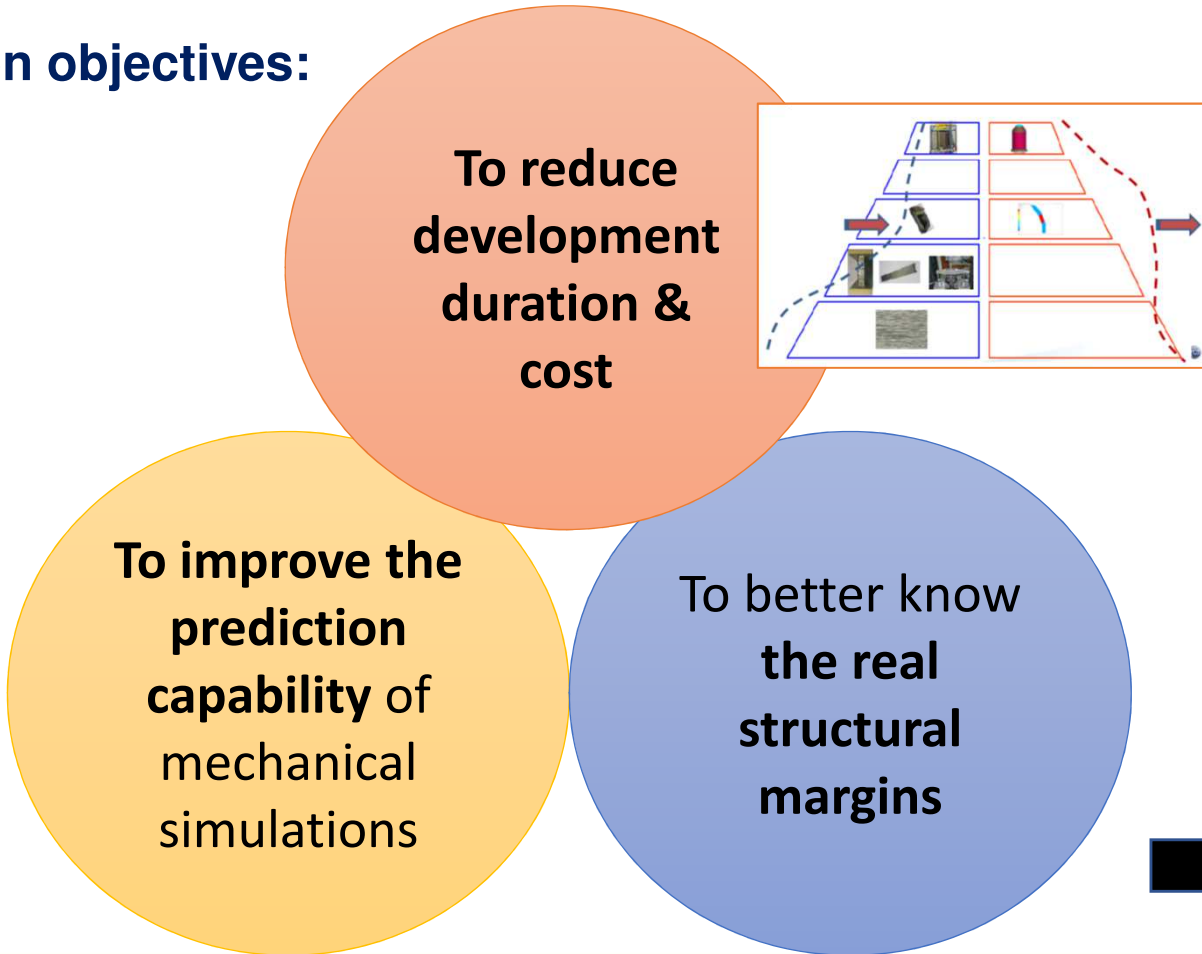


### Cost reduction opportunities :

- Giving more **robustness** to the design & the process
- Editing a **clear handbook** = confidence.

## Advanced methods – R&T CNES & ArianeGroup

### Common objectives:



Advanced methods for Composite Structures

Advanced methods for bonded junctions



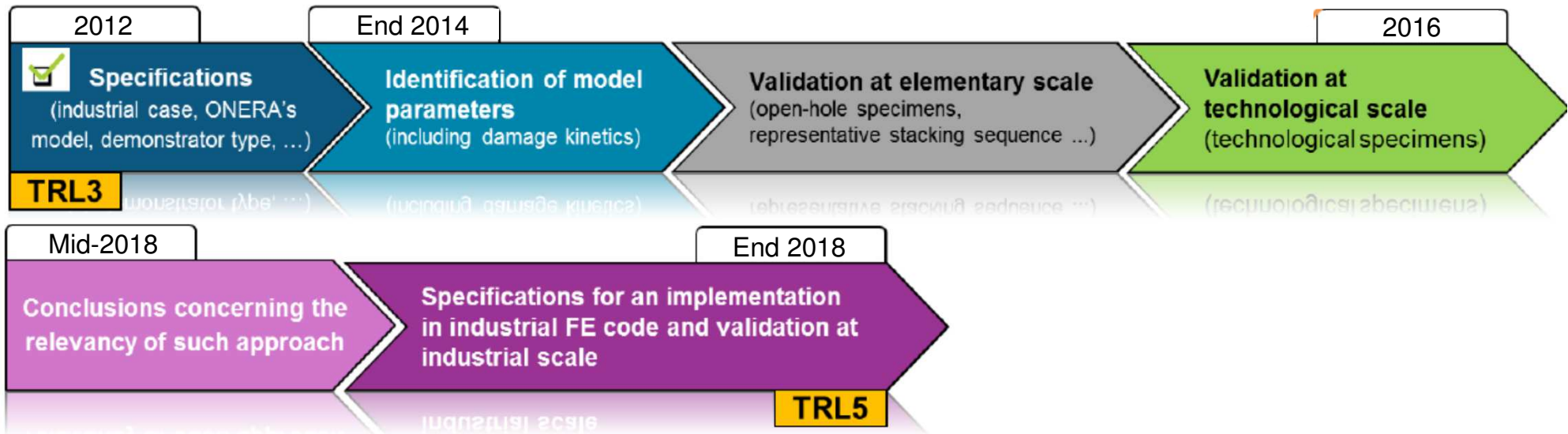
**CNES & AGS share a common roadmap**

## Advanced methods – R&T CNES & Arianegroup

Advanced methods  
for  
Composite Structures

### Activity : Advanced method for composite structures justification

Industrial transfer from ONERA : Model identification procedure in FE code, computation strategy for industrial use



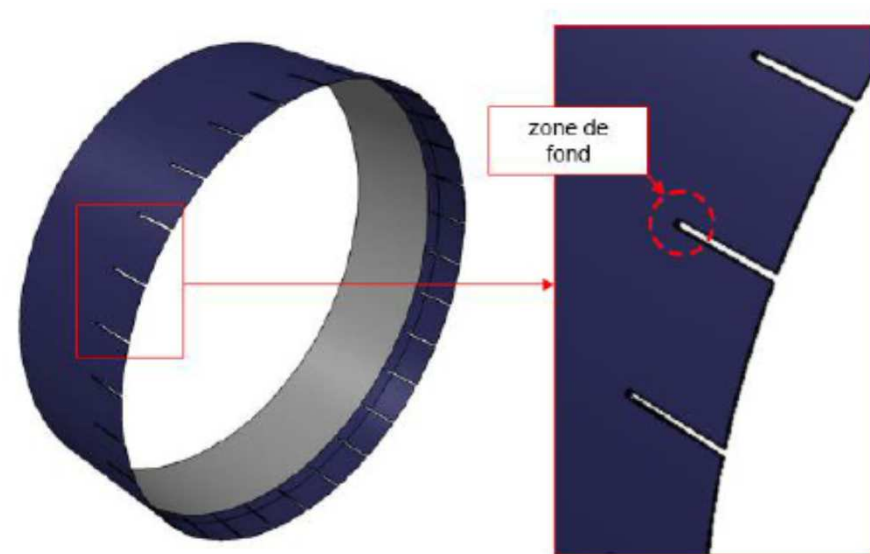


## Advanced methods – R&T CNES & Ariane group

Activity : Advanced method for composite structures justification

Case study :

Advanced methods  
for  
Composite Structures

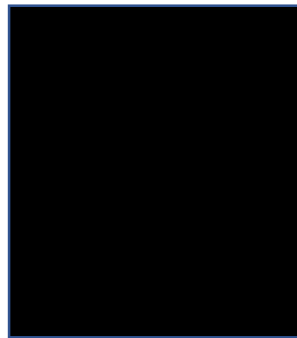


## Advanced methods – R&T CNES & Arianegroup

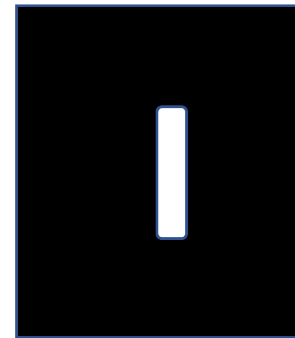
**Activity : Advanced method for composite structures justification**

Breadboards: 2 configurations tested in compression for performance assessment

Advanced methods  
for  
Composite Structures



**Skirt field**



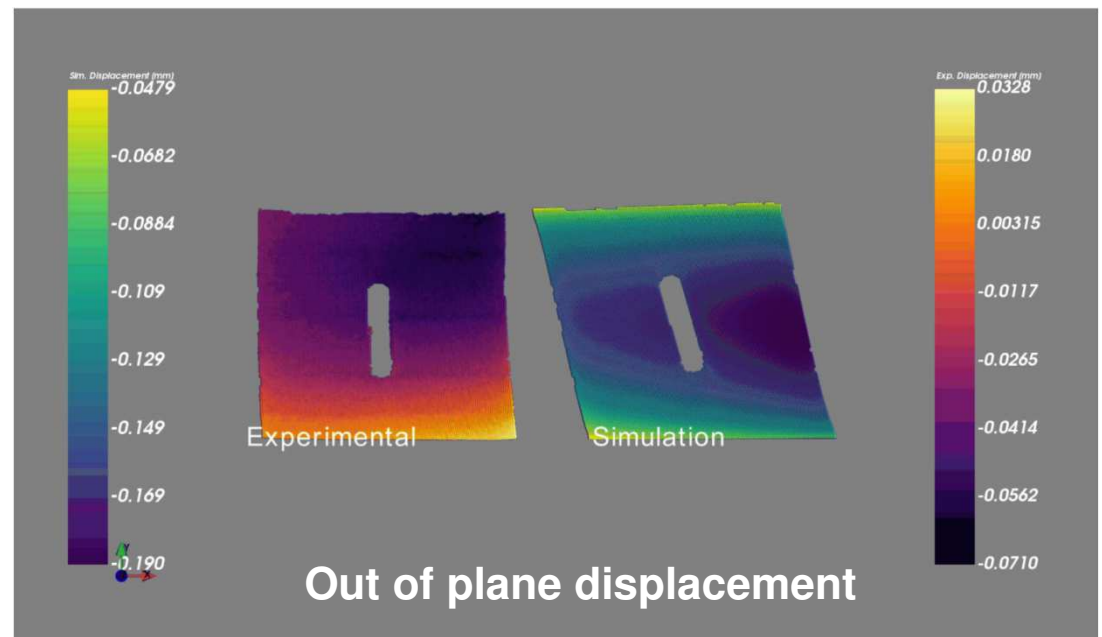
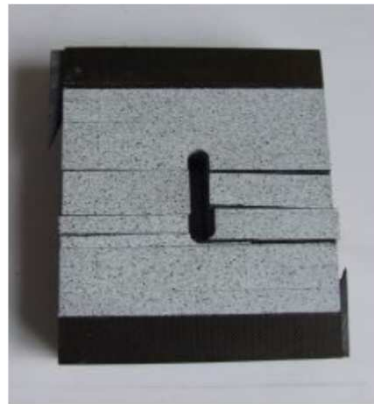
**« Notch »**

## Advanced methods – R&T CNES & Ariane group

### Activity : Advanced method for composite structures justification

Tests and first comparisons

Advanced methods  
for  
Composite Structures



## **Advanced methods – R&T CNES & Arianegroup**

**Activity : Advanced method for composite structures justification**

**Coming work:**

- **Modification of limits conditions on simulations to be representative of tests**
- **Comparison between analysis and tests**
- **Conclusions on performances**

### **Other activities for composite structures launched in 2018:**

- Inverse methods for the identification of material constitutive laws
- Hybrid test : real time simulation / test interaction
- Probabilistic uncertainties for test predictions
- New methods for sandwiches structures sizing

Advanced methods  
for  
**Composite Structures**

## Advanced methods – R&T CNES & Arianegroup

Advanced methods  
for  
bonded junctions

### Activities for Bonded junctions:

- R&T “Technologies liaisons collées pour application lanceurs” : 2014-2018
  - Axis 1 = Improvement of pre-sizing and justification approaches for bonding (IRDLD)
  - Axis 2 = Robustness - stability of debonding defects (I2M)
- Next activity should work on demonstrations at higher scale and initiate a handbook.

## Equipped tank cover plate – R&T CNES & CETIM

### Context

- Stages with composite cryotanks could lead to high gains in mass and cost.
- Crash program experimentation
- Thermoplastics have shown good behavior at cryogenic temperature.
- CETIM have strong experience in TP automated process (QSP)

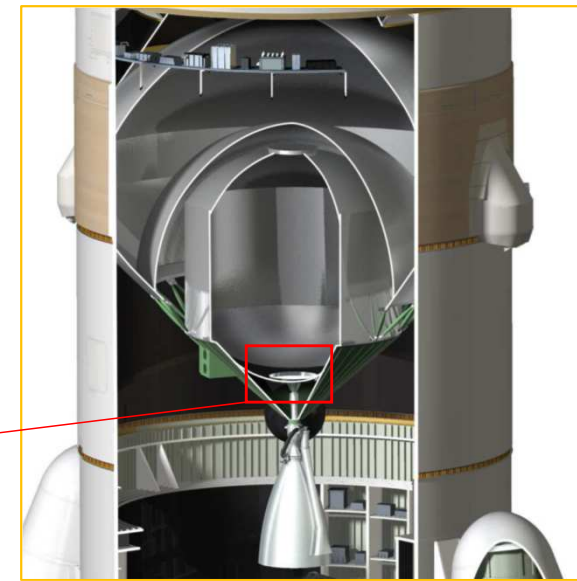
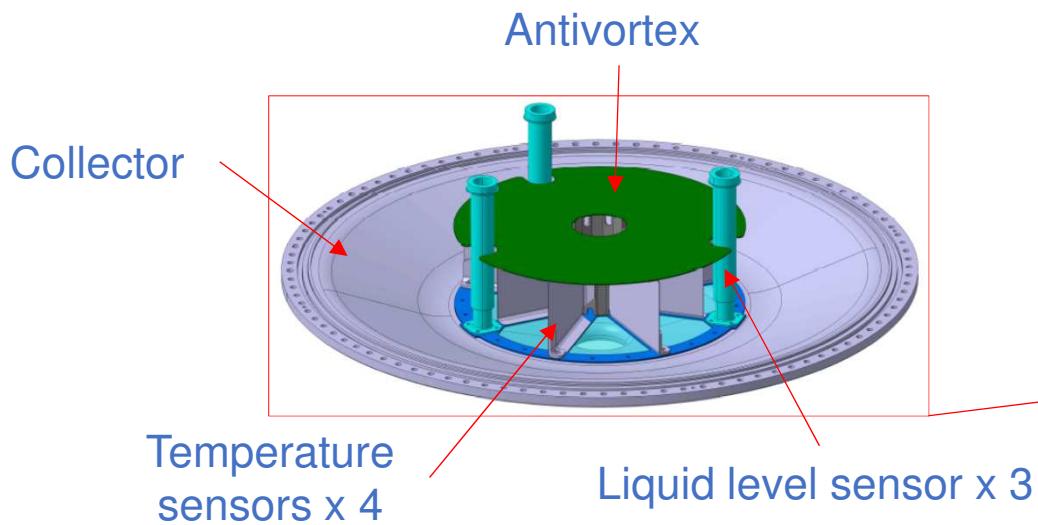




## Equipped tank cover plate – R&T CNES & CETIM

### Objectives

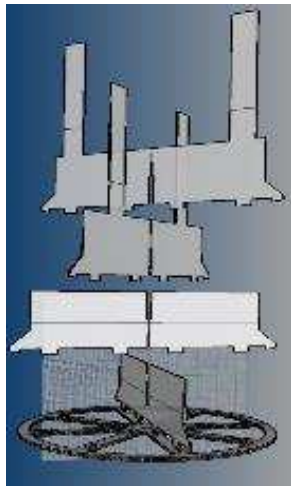
- **Redesign** in Thermoplastic composite a tank collector and its equipments inspired from Ariane 5 cryoliquid tank, and **manufacture & test a subscale model** to demonstrate possible gains in performance and industrialisation.



## Equipped tank cover plate – R&T CNES & CETIM

### New design

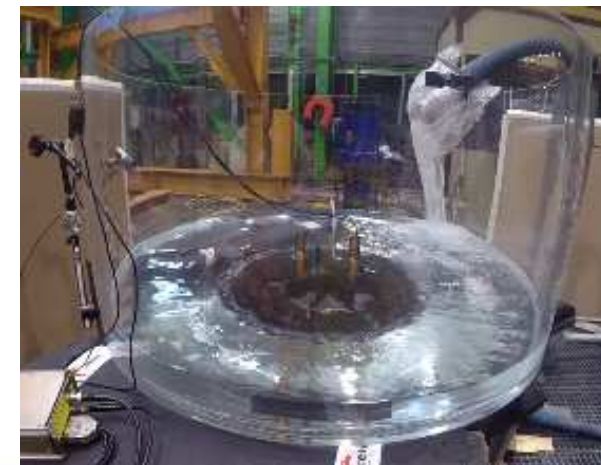
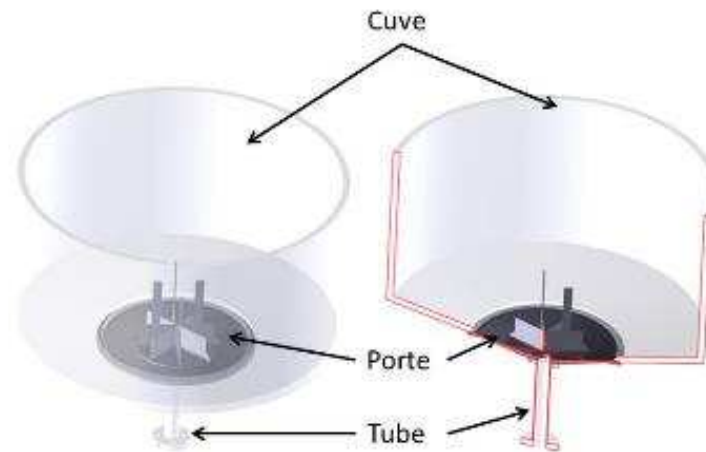
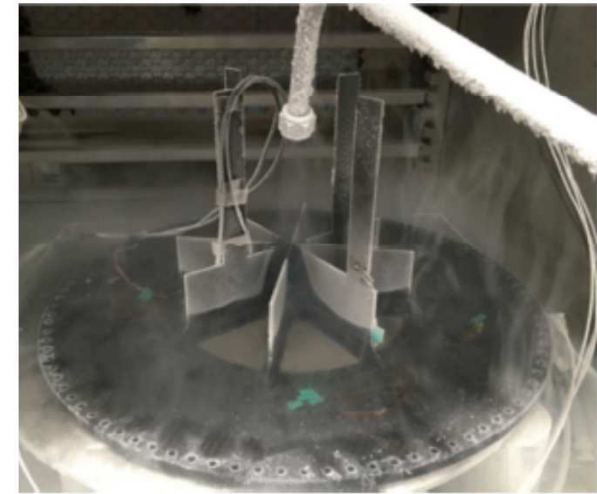
- More integrated
- More automatable
- 40% Lighter



## Equipped tank cover plate – R&T CNES & CETIM

### Preliminary Tests

- Permeability
- Antivortex
- Liquid nitrogen



## **Equipped tank cover plate – R&T CNES & CETIM**

### **Coming work**

#### **Second iteration**

- Deeper inspection of the 1st article
- Improve design adding junctions permeability and mechanical strength
- Manufacture and test a 2<sup>nd</sup> article

## Conclusion

- ✓ New comers change paradigm ( reusability, cost optimization, fast development)
- ✓ CNES wants to impulse new ways of working : reactivity, fast development, digital revolution
- ✓ And work on the Ariane next generation : reusable, low cost engines (LOX/CH4), standardisation.
- ✓ Regarding composite technologies reusability, composite cryotank and ways of cost reduction are identified as priority.
- ✓ CNES pay lot of attention on simulation for cost reduction but also to accompany technologies